

CHINOOK



ADVANCE

VOL. V, NO. 52.

CHINOOK, ALBERTA, APRIL 17, 1919.

Subscription \$1.00 per year, in advance. Single Copy, 5 cents

Eastertide

CHINOOK PHARMACY

This is the time of year to put out your Gopher Poison.

We have

Gophercide
Kill Em Quick
Strychnine

Also distributing Poisons for Sounding Creek and Collholme M.D.'s

Get your Formaldehyde from a Registered Druggist where it is guaranteed 40 per cent strength

CHAS. WYLIE
Registered Druggist

No. 411 Alberta Pharmaceutical Association

MEN'S

WORK SHOES

Get your Work Shoes now before the old stock is all gone, at old prices

from \$5.00 to \$7.50 per pair

H. C. Brigginsaw

The Store with the Goods

For Sale

Sale or Trade

Best Half - 32-27-7, 6½ miles from town. Price \$19.00 per acre. For particulars apply

M. E. BIRD, Chinook

Horses for Sale, or will trade for Cattle. Prices right.

O. D. HARRINGTON
Big Stone, Alta.

Breezelots

Calgary Herald : Calgary has Moderation League branch of its very own. If the movement is managed independent of the brewers and distillers, it will gain much sympathy.

Oh, you sweet little innocent-looking sugar-coated pill! Is it a fact, that the brewers and distillers are the "silent partners" of the "Moderation League?"

The government is making arrangements to dispose of this year's crops.

Cheer up! We are sure to get a crop this year. The government is disposing of it before it's up.

"Whitewash applied to Boudreau by the government in the provincial legislature in liquor case," news item.

But the opposition have an idea that it should have been tar instead of whitewash.

Parliament discusses railway time and daylight saving time.

But time—and often trains—waits for no man—or discussion. Probably by the time discussions over the "good old summer time" will be over, and time to turn the "cranks" back to slow time.

Washington reports: "That liquor may travel through dry States."

And doubtless during its exit through the dry States, much of it will travel through dry throats.

The total cost of the A. & G. W. railway is now something over \$6,000,000.00.

The A. & G. W. is something like the O. B. U.—both are very uncertain money-makers and both lead to nowhere!

A kitchen cabinet has been sent from Calgary as a model abroad.

Gee whiz! We thought at first sight it was the Alberta cabinet that was being sent abroad as a model.

"Soldiers are tracing up Mennonite goods in Winnipeg yards" says a news heading.

And if they find them it will certainly be good "nite" to the Mennonite."

"Making a hotbed in spring" is the heading of an article.

Most people would prefer it in the winter.

NOT ALL GOLD THAT GLITTERS

In these columns, at different times, we have advocated dealing in your own town in preference to sending your cash to the mail order houses—expecting to get something for nothing. Any day one can see parcels—both large and small—at the post office and express office—"returned" to the mail order houses by dissatisfied customers whose "great bargains" did not come up to the "pretty pictures" in the mail order house catalogue. Those who have had very much dealings with the mail order houses and outside business places, know that many of their purchases have been far from bargains, and that they could have done better at home.

We had a typical case in point in Chinook this week. Sergt and Mrs. Warren—who are locating on the Brosius place, east half 4-27-4, Collholme—arrived in Chinook on Tuesday with a car load of settler's effects. Among other things he had a new wagon for which, he says, he paid \$160.00 cash. He priced the same kind of a wagon at one of our local dealers and it was offered to him for \$145.00 cash. Being in one of our local hardware stores Mr. Warren then asked the price of a certain stove, and was told \$85.00. He had purchased the same kind of a stove in Calgary, for which he had paid \$100.00. And there were many other things purchased at the "bargain" prices, on which had he purchased them in Chinook he would, he reckons, have saved some \$300.00 of his cash, besides the trouble and expense of bringing them here. A case of buying coal and sending it to Drumheller.

And this, too, mind you, that all veterans were to be given 10 percent discount on cash prices. Some discount, eh!

CANADA AND FINANCE

Canada must finance herself, if for no other reason than that the former majority of countries that formerly invested annually millions of dollars abroad, have forbidden the use of money for such purposes, until their domestic demands for capital have been satisfied.

The British Chancellor of the Exchequer said that as money was needed at home—he did not think it safe to remove restriction upon investments outside the United Kingdom.

By providing a means whereby people may save even the smallest sums, War Savings Stamps help Canada to finance herself, for they gather up and place at the service of the nation the savings of the people. Money thus invested is absolutely safe and it pays well.

PUBLIC HEALTH NURSES' ACT

This act provides a provincial registry for graduate nurses who may become, at their option, a member of the Public Nurses' Association. Those signing the register place themselves at the call of the minister of health in case of epidemic to serve anywhere in the province, and while so nursing shall be entitled to such additional salary over and above that paid a registered nurse as the minister may determine.

The important section of the bill is 41, reading as follows: "The trustees of any school district, whether city, town, village, or rural, may employ any such public health nurse to physically inspect the children in attendance at any school under their charge."

This is practically bringing the city system (which is being done in the Calgary schools) of school medical examinations of the children into the country districts. It is a wise provision—one that might often arrest a threatened epidemic breaking out among the children. Take, for instance, the last flu epidemic that closed the Chinook school for two weeks. Had the school children been under medical examination at frequent intervals, it is possible that the malady might have been discovered in time, and its spread prevented among the children and in the homes of their parents.

And that's not all. By a proper and systematic medical examination of the school children other defects have been discovered. We believe it was in Calgary recently, a medical examination of the children attending the city schools revealed the alarming prevalence of goitre among the pupils. Defective eyesight and teeth were among some of the other complaints that existed among a large proportion of the children. "A stitch in time saves nine," runs the old adage, and the remedy applied to the health defects of children at the crucial time often saves a life of suffering and premature old age and untimely death.

BEAUTIFUL SPRING

Since spring was ushered in pleasantly the first part of the month, with splendid rains throughout the West, which have put the land in fine condition for seeding and plowing. Bright weather now prevails. To date the outlook from a farming outlook is highly favorable.

E. J. Bridgeman, Opt. D Honor Graduate of Canadian Ophthalmic College, of Toronto, Eye Specialist and Professional Optometrist, of Saskatoon, Sask., will be at the Acadia Hotel, Chinook, on Friday, April 18th. Don't neglect your eyes.

CHANGES IN THE SCHOOL ACT

Quite a number of very important amendments to existing acts have been made during the present session of the provincial government. Amongst others has been the School Act.

The first twelve pages of the bill deal with changes in the machinery of the former Consolidated School Districts Act. One of them provides that where there is a proposed consolidation of a town or village district with a rural district, instead of all such districts voting together as at present, in the future the vote will only be taken in the rural districts proposing to unite. If the vote carries, the town or village board will pass a resolution approving or disapproving of the proposed unification.

Another important amendment provides that where a warning notice to parents is sent out by a school attendance officer, the parents have five days in which to send their children to school. Under the old act, where the attendance rule was broken each month, such notices had to be sent out monthly and separate ones for each child. Hereafter one notice suffices for the entire year, and for all children, and subsequent violations are punishable under the first notice.

CHINOOK BASEBALL CLUB

The 1st meeting of the Chinook baseball club was held on the 14th inst. at the Acadia hotel. Owing to the shortness of the notice the number present was not very large, but the meeting was quite enthusiastic in connection with the present outlook for baseball. The following officers were elected:

J. L. Carter, president
L. E. Ormond, sec.-treas.
O. Hinds, team manager

E. Dell, field captain

It was decided that the practice nights would be Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week. The present diamond will be used until the Agricultural Soc'y grounds across the track can be gotten into shape. A committee of two are circulating a subscription list, and we feel sure that the citizens will very liberally help on this good work. All baseball players of the village and surrounding district are invited and requested to attend practices, in order that this year may prove the most successful since the village team was first organized.

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. L. D. Butts, and family, wish to thank the people of Chinook for their help and sympathy during the illness of their boy, Tim. It is difficult to find words to express our deep gratitude. His recovery has been remarkable, for which great credit is due to Dr. Paul and the nurses who so faithfully followed their instructions. We can never repay the debt we owe to our pastor, his wife and wife, the Rev. Geo. H. and Mrs. Elliott, for assistance which you are all aware. We are thankful.

CUTICURA HEALS RASH ON CHILD

On Body and Face, Red and Itchy.
Cried For Hours. Lasted a Year.

"A rash started all over my little girl's body. It was red and itched. It was full of water, and it got red and itchy. She cried for hours. This trouble lasted a year."

"I checked it with a sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I bought it at the drug store. It Soothed and healed the rash. The boxes of Ointment which healed her." (Signed) Mrs. Dora Langley, 1022 Gertrude St., Verdun, Que., August 11, 1922.

The Cuticura Toilet Trio

Consisting of Soap, Ointment and Talcum is an indispensable adjunct of the daily toilet. It maintains skin purity and skin health.

For sample and free soap, Ointment and Talcum address post-card: "Cuticura," Dept. A, Montreal, Que., Canada.

EDITORIAL

National Getting Together

No. 3.—The Western Viewpoint

The present day Western viewpoint in regard to matters which are the subject of sharp differences of opinion between East and West, is the culmination of conflicting views on numerous issues covering a period of years, and has not been arrived at easily. It has its foundation on the fact that the West looks upon the West as the home of an inferior people, a lot of wild agitators who are ready and willing to destroy Eastern industry to gain their own ends, a conviction that the East acts on the principle that the West should be humbly thankful for anything the East may see fit to grant it. This conviction has resulted from past events, some of which may be well worth referring to briefly.

As pointed out in a previous article, the East holds the view that it built the C.P.R. for the benefit of the West, and that the East has borne the burden of the national cost of that undertaking. The West, on the other hand, points to the fact that the cash grants made to the C.P.R. that the West contributed the whole of the land grants which were many times more valuable than the cash grants, that upon the West was laid the whole burden of the tax exemptions granted that system, and that for many long years the West was compelled to pay much higher freight and passenger rates than were imposed on the East.

The West feels that the Eastern provinces, while enjoying full possession of their own natural resources, withhold these from the Western provinces, while at the same time the federal authorities have done little or nothing to develop those resources beyond its free homestead policy. The results is that the West is suffering because its coal, oil, forest, water power, and other natural resources have not been developed, and Western people are compelled to import at great expense necessities of life which could be produced in the West.

Particularly does the West feel bitter over the treatment accorded it in connection with the customs tariff. The West does not desire to destroy or even embarrass the manufacturing industries of the East, but it does feel that the East is taking an undue advantage of the tariff protection afforded their manufacturers to impose heavy burdens on Western producers, and that, while accusing the West of a desire to destroy Eastern industry, the East itself is quite careless of the effect of the tariff on all Western development and prosperity. While this feeling has existed for some time, it did not become general in the West until the East, at the behest of the manufacturers, defeated the reciprocity agreement which dealt principally with the natural products of and markets for the West and hardly touched manufacturers at all. The attitude of the East on this question is regarded as having been absolutely selfish.

Finally, the West resents the habitual attitude of mind in the East which accuses Western people with lack of patriotism and open disloyalty because they, as free Canadian citizens, in a legitimate and constitutional manner, advocate and support certain policies which the East does not.

On the other hand, the West is sick and tired of the perpetual race and creed quarrel which exists between Ontario and Quebec, and which, for partisan purposes, is dragged to the very forefront of one group of politicians or another group whenever any great national policy is to be determined at the polls, and the issue is thereby switched from the main track and the national development and welfare of all Canada derided. The East may enjoy this style of administering Canada's affairs, but the West has come to recognize that it is the basic cause of the slowness of Canada's growth in population and national development and largely responsible for the lack of any permanent, well considered national policy.

In the management of their own provincial affairs, the people of the West have shown themselves energetic, progressive and business-like. They have grappled with and solved exceedingly difficult problems, the solving of which rested with themselves. It has only been in connection with problems, the solving of which rested with the federal Parliament, in which the East has the preponderating power, that the West has found itself faced with a stone wall of obstacles. If this situation had only to be faced occasionally, it might have been set down to accident, or lack of understanding, but because it is a chronic condition, repeated over and over again, and lasting in character, the West has come to the conclusion it is the result of deliberate and selfish intent. On no other ground can the West explain, for example, the readiness with which tens of millions of dollars are voted for Welland and St. Lawrence canal betterments and harbor improvements in the East, while the West is forced to fight every inch of the way to secure a Western outlet through Hudson's Bay.

Next week an endeavor will be made to point out some steps which should be taken to reconcile the differences between East and West and bring the people closer together, something which must be done if Canada's progress is not to continue

Ex-Royalties Expelled

Geneva. — All the Austrian archdukes, with their families, including Archduke Friedrich, a former marshal, have been expelled from Austrian territory, according to information from reliable sources. A special train, escorted by republican guards, conveyed the archducal party to Switzerland. The Swiss, it is declared, are not particularly gratified at this for they continue to be severely rationed.

to be retarded, its development and prosperity checked, and its future clouded with doubt, and even danger to the permanence of confederation.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

British Troops Are To Be Relieved

Men in Northern Russia Will Be Brought Home

London. — Winston Churchill, secretary of state for war, sent a telegram in his own name to the British troops in northern Russia, said the Mail, promising that they would be supported and relieved at the earliest possible moment, and that the men who had been there for months will be brought home as soon as other troops are sent to take their places.

The men for the relieving force have been provisionally selected, and lectures have been given them on the Russian situation. Troops kept in the army under the military service act will also be invited to volunteer, says the Mail, and there may possibly be an appeal extended to demobilized men. The military authorities are said to be confident that preparations being made will assure relief, but that the next two months will be filled with anxiety.

Captured War Materials

Ethiopians are Victorious Over the Bolsheviks

Copenhagen. — The capture of seven villages, 500 prisoners and large quantities of war material is reported in an official statement issued from the Ethiopian army headquarters. The Ethiopian troops continue to advance according to the statement which reads:

"As a result of Bolshevik defeats, fighting is being carried further into Russian territory. On April 6, Ethiopian forces crossed the Narova river south of Narva and captured seven villages and 200 prisoners. On the same day they stormed the town of Gidov, on the eastern bank of Lake Peipus and captured 300 men and considerable war material."

A GOOD MEDICINE FOR THE BABY

Nothing can equal Baby's Own Tablets as a medicine for little ones. They are easily soluble in milk, throat lozenges, and never fail to relieve constipation, colic, colds and severe fevers. Once a mother has used them she will use nothing else. Concerning them Mrs. Salusti Pellegrini, of Atlantic City, N.J., writes: "I always keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house. They are the best medicine I know for babies and I would not be without them." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Prussian Officers Attacked With Men

32,454 Were Killed Out of Total of 34,250

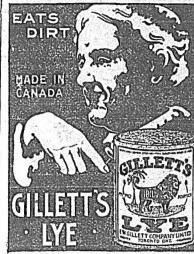
Berlin. — Prussia's huge losses in officers and men during the war are indicated by a staff officer who writes in the *Lokal Anzeiger*. He submits figures compiled from the official casualty lists to show that 32,454 active officers at the front were killed, wounded or missing out of a total of 34,250, and that more than 433,000 soldiers were killed, wounded or missing, out of a total of 10,178,000, who actually fought at the front.

He points out that these figures indicate the stories sometimes heard that the Prussian officers did not attack with their men, and asserts that their losses were particularly heavy in the first two years, but were much less in the later years of the war, because the officers had to be saved for general staff work.

Explorers Going to Uragua

Quebec. — The steamer Amherst, leaving the first group of explorers that will penetrate the wilds of the Uragua for development work, left Quebec for Clarke City, on the north shore, whence the party will proceed inland to the Uragua region.

The last wolf in Wales was killed on Cadair Idris in the year 1768.



A rich deposit of asphalt has been discovered in the Philippines located so near the water's edge that no inland transportation whatever is necessary.

Threatened With Paralysis

Severe Nervous Headaches and Numbness of Hands and Feet Was Most Alarming, but Satisfactory Restorative Treatment Was Found

Port Hawley, April 15. — This very interesting statement from Mrs. Stinson in regard to her cure is vouchsafed for by her pastor, Rev. H. G. Findlay. Hers was a most extraordinary case of nervous exhaustion and the symptoms of both stroke and paralysis were most alarming.

Fortunately, Mrs. Stinson heard of the British United States and French comrades, they barred the enemy rush. They stopped it, broke it, and at the appointed hour drove it far back.

"In the grave hours of 1918, with the British, United States and French comrades, they barred the enemy rush. They stopped it, broke it, and at the appointed hour drove it far back."

"I am happy to express to Australia the undying memory which we shall cherish of her incomparable soldiers."

Japs Go to Korea

Honolulu. — Six stations of Japanese troops are being sent to Korea to suppress disturbances which are spreading, according to a Nippu Jiji cablegram from Tokio received here.

After 10 Years of Asthma Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy proved the only relief for one grateful user, and this is but one among many, which attest to the fact that it has become the one recognized remedy on the market. It has earned its fame by its never failing effectiveness. It is earning it today, as it has done for many years. It is the greatest asthma specialty within the reach of suffering humanity.

Experienced Farm Laborers Needed

Winnipeg, Man. — More than 400

farm laborers are needed at once, according to J. A. Bowman,

of the department of agriculture.

Farmers will be at work on the land

in Manitoba this week in the advanced districts, reports from which state

that the soil is about ready for farm operations.

New Flour Mill for St. Boniface

Winnipeg, Man. — The Clark Milling company, of Minneapolis, is planning to convert the plant, formerly run by a mineral concern in St. Boniface, into an up-to-date flour mill, with an initial capacity of 1,250 barrels per day. Permission to operate a spur track belonging to the Greater Winnipeg water district will be asked for, and this will likely be granted.

The Chinese government is preparing to begin aerial transport and mail service, and has appointed General Tang, the director of the Peking-Suiyuan railway to be director of the Chinese aerial service.

Thrift Hint for Farmers

A Good Method of Gleaning a Paying Proposition

Judging by a thrift story from

Canada, says an American paper,

paper, regarding the agricultural

and financial aspects of the

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The Covenant of League of Nations

Paris.—The following official summary of the covenant of the league of nations was issued recently:

1. The league of nations is founded in order to promote international co-operation and to secure peace. The league will include:

(a) The belligerent states named in a document annexed to the covenant;

(b) All the neutral states so named, and;

(c) In the future any self-governing country whose admission is approved by two-thirds of the states already members of the league. A state may withdraw from the league, providing it has kept its obligations to date, on giving two years' notice.

2. The league will act through an assembly comprising not more than three representatives of each of the member states, each state having only one vote and a council comprising for the present one representative of each of the five great powers and each of four other powers as selected from time to time by the assembly.

"The number of powers of each class represented on the council may be increased by the unanimous consent of the council and a majority of the assembly. Other powers have the right to sit as members of the council during the discussion of matters in which they are especially interested.

"In the council, as in the assembly, each state will have only one vote. Both these bodies are to meet at stated intervals (the council at least once a year) and at other times if required; both can deal with any matter that is of international interest or that threatens the peace of the world; the decision of both must be unanimous except in certain specified cases, matters of procedure, for instance, being decided by a majority vote.

The league will have a permanent secretary, under a secretary-general. The secretary and all other bodies under the league, may include women, equally with men. A permanent court of international justice and various permanent commissions and bureaus are also to be established:

3. The member states agree:

(a) To reduce their armaments, plans for such reduction being suggested by the council, but only adopted with the consent of the states themselves and thereafter not to increase them without the concurrence of the council.

(b) To exchange full information of their existing armies and their naval and military programs.

(c) To respect each other's territory and personal independence and to guarantee them against foreign aggression.

Saxony Plans Soviet Government

Weimar.—It is considered probable that Saxony will be the next section of Germany to proclaim a soviet government. The independent are known to be planning such a move; though parliament circles do not believe that the danger is serious.

Railway Board Finished With Daylight Saving

Ottawa.—"Daylight saving is a matter for parliament and the board having no jurisdiction cannot pass upon the merits of the issue, one way or the other," says Sir Henry Drayton, chairman of the railway board, in a judgment handed down, regarding daylight saving.

When the question of daylight saving was the subject of an adverse vote in parliament, the will of parliament being thereby expressed, the railway board called upon the railways to justify the advance in the time of their clocks which they had made on the morning of March 31, in order to enable them to maintain their passenger connection and freight operations with the American roads, which were advancing their time in accordance with the United States daylight saving legislation. The judgment is based upon the evidence taken at this hearing on April 1. Further representations were made by members of parliament, opposing daylight saving, with a view to having the matter opened up and if necessary further heard before the board.

Hon. W. B. Nantel, deputy chief commissioner, adds a statement to the judgment setting forth his attitude, and concludes as follows:

"In view of the evidence given at the hearing in this matter, I, for one, would be willing to report favorably,

Hungary Can Pay Debts

Paris.—The mission to Hungary headed by General Jan Christian Smuts, has reported on the prospect of the payment by Hungary of her debts. The impression gained by the commission, the report stated, was that there might be some chance of adjustment through friendly negotiations. Otherwise, it was added, it was difficult to see any chance of payment to date, on giving two years' notice.

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Soldiers Get Dukhobor Lands

Returned Soldiers Forced Vargin to Sign Agreement

Grand Forks, B.C.—Returned soldiers took a hand in the fight of the Grand Forks reconstruction board to secure the Dukhobor lands in Canada for soldier settlement and went in a body to interview Vargin, head of the Dukhobor communities.

At the suggestion of the returned veterans the great Dukhobor leader, dropping the objectionable tactics displayed towards members of the reconstruction board, and in the presence of five hundred of his followers in the chapel of the colony here, signed an agreement to sell to the government all Dukhobor lands in Canada or to sell their lands in British Columbia and remove to more remote parts of the Dominion. This was the climax to a series of sensations which have followed each other in their train since the arrival of the Dukhobor chief in the district.

Dukhobor lands here embrace five thousand acres of the choicest land in the valley and, according to Vargin, produced last year a surplus of over one hundred carloads of food products for sale to Dukhobors in oiler communities.

"This is a democratic country, governed entirely by its representative assembly and the wishes of parliament, whatever these wishes may be, should prevail," said. "In my opinion, the board, under these circumstances, can take no action on the daylight saving act of 1918."

French Deputation Satisfied

Permanent Disarmament of Germany Will Be Enforced

Paris.—Premier Clemenceau told a deputation of the radical Socialist group which called upon him that the question of reparation by Germany had been scuttled among the allies a few hours previously on a basis that would satisfy the desires of the deputation, as these had been presented to him, and the same could be said for the negotiations concerning the Saar valley.

The deputation, said its spokesman, demanded the granting of immediate material guarantees that France should be protected as far as possible from any fresh aggression. To reach this end, the group considered two things necessary, a strongly organized frontier and the dismemberment of Germany, the permanency of which should be secured by continuing control.

Concerning reparations, the minimum requirements formulated by the group comprised the placing of the coal mines of the Saar basin at the disposal of France, while it contended

that complete reparation must be obtained for all persons and property and provision made for the payment from enemy funds on all war pensions.

These satisfactory results, M. Clemenceau said, had not been attained without serious difficulties.

Reds Insist on Recognition

Agree to Suspension of Executions in Exchange

Paris.—Bolsheviki Russia is ready, according to reports reaching here, to agree to a suspension of executions and punishments in the case of its opponents in exchange for recognition.

It is also willing, according to the same reports, to agree to the suspension of the campaign to extend Bolshevik and the overthrow of the existing order in the countries of the associated powers.

It will, however, refuse to call democratic elections or consent to the convocation of a constituent assembly in Russia, and insists on the recognition of the "de facto" and real government of Russia" and acceptance of

Japan Not Admitted To Racial Equality

U.S. Credit to Belgium

Washington.—Credits of \$6,330,000 to the Czechoslovak republic and \$900,000 to Belgium were established by the treasury. The Belgian credit raised the total loans to the allies to \$9,016,229,000, and the total to Belgium to \$341,435,000.

the principle of soviet rule and its part in any program of negotiations.

St. John's, Nfld.—The Sopwith airplane, in which Lieut. Harry Hawker and Lieut.-Commander Grieve plan to attempt a trans-Atlantic flight this month, has made its first flight over the city.

Paris.—The league of nations commission has rejected the Japanese amendment on racial equality, according to an authoritative statement.

Some of the members of the commission voted against the inclusive amendment in the covenant and, as a unanimous approval of the commission was necessary, the amendment, which was strongly urged by the Japanese delegates, failed of adoption.

The statement follows:

"At a meeting of the league of nations commission on Friday, April 11, the Japanese delegation proposed an amendment to the preamble of the covenant to the effect that 'by the prescription of open, just and honorable relations between nations,' an additional clause to read, 'By the endorsement of the principle of equality of nations and just treatment of their nationals.'

"The amendment was admirably presented by Baron Makino. In the course of his speech he emphasized the great desire of the Japanese government and of the Japanese people that such a principle be recognized in the covenant. His argument was supported with great force by Viscount Chinda.

"A discussion followed, in which practically all of the members of the commission participated. The decision was marked by breadth of thought, free exchange of opinion and a complete appreciation by the members of the commission of the difficulties which lay in the way either accepting or rejecting the amendment.

"The commission was impressed by the justice of the Japanese claim and by the spirit in which it was presented. Mention was frequently made in the course of the discussion of the fact that the covenant provided for the representation of Japan on the executive council as one of the five great powers, and that a rejection of the proposed amendment would not, therefore, be construed as diminishing the prestige of Japan.

"Various members of the commission, however, felt that they could not vote for its specific inclusion in the covenant. Therefore, the commission was unable to give to the amendment that unanimous approval which is necessary for its adoption."

Why Can't I Get To Sleep?

Thousands of people all over the country ask this question, but still continue to toss night after night on a sleepless bed, making it impossible for them to get a full night's refreshing sleep.

Some constitutional disturbance, worry or disease has so disturbed and irritated the nervous system that it cannot be quieted except by the pernicious use of opiates or narcotics. Or again, you have heart palpitation, sensations of sinking, a feeling you are about to die—or perhaps you wake up in your sleep feeling as though you were about to choke or smother, and the only way you can get relief is to sit up in bed, my heart beat so fast, and when I walked up stairs I would get all out of breath. I am a confirmed Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills offer an inestimable boon. They bring back the much-needed night's rest by improving the heart, curtail the blood and making the whole organization act in harmony—then you sleep as peaceful as a child.

Mrs. J. A. Miller, 39 Lester St. St. John, N.B., writes: At night I could not sleep. I had to sit up in bed, my heart beat so fast, and when I walked up stairs I would get all out of breath. I am a confirmed Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and after using two boxes I can sleep all night and am not out of breath after walking.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50¢ a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Several lighthouses on French coasts have been equipped with lenses that enable their lights to be seen 50 miles.



THE BREAD LINE

Who's In the Bread Line?

There would be no bread lines in the big city if we who live in the country towns did our duty by one another. You and I can do our part to break that bread line—to break up that appalling condition in which men must either beg or starve. Remember: The bread line of the big city is recruited from the country. Our town has its duty to do. Our community can solve this problem. Industry should be plentiful in the country towns. But industry can't flourish here if we send our money to build up the big city. If all of us in all the time spent all of our money in our home town there would be no bread lines in the big city. Each home town would then take care of its own. Let you and me do our part.

Thousands of people all over the country ask this question, but still continue to toss night after night on a sleepless bed, making it impossible for them to get a full night's refreshing sleep.

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Peace Agreement Will Not Please Them All

London.—Winston Spencer Churchill, secretary of state for war, in a recent speech said that "in a few weeks, or possibly less, the terms which the allies had agreed to impose on the enemy would be known. Mr. Churchill continued:

"An agreement that is reached by the experienced and able heads gathered in Paris, must be a comprehensive and general agreement. It must therefore be judged as a whole, and not in part. Nobody is going to get all they want. Nobody ought to get all they want, and everybody

must expect something to be disagreeable about it.

"It is a question of peace that shall be a just peace and a lasting peace. If this is achieved, the opposition will be forgotten in time... Therefore, I say that the work on which the conference is engaged must be judged as a whole, and not upon this point or that."

Mr. Churchill added that what Great Britain wanted was a peace that would not be a fleeting triumph, but a peace of solid structure, on a broad and lasting foundation.

Besse & Huggins

The Implement Men

McCormick and Deering Harvesting Machines

Titan and Mogul Tractors

Oliver and Hamilton Plows

Chinook, Alta.

Walter M. Crockett & Company

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries

MONEY TO LOAN

Special attention given to collections
Chinook, Alta.

NOTICE

The Board of Health for the Village of Chinook hereby give notice, that all back yards, rubbish heaps, privies, &c. must be cleaned up immediately, under penalty of prosecution and a fine

By order of the Medical Health Officer

MR. FARMER!

Now is the time to get that old harness repaired and oiled and be ready for spring work

All Repairing neatly and promptly done

Chinook Harness Shop

S. H. SMITH,

Proprietor,

Old Massey-Harris Building
Opposite the Hotel

Chinook

Under New Management

Chinook Livery and Feed Barn

First-class Teams and Rigs.

The best of Hay ALWAYS

Draving in connection

Our Motto—"Service"
Give us a call

R. D. VANHOOK, Prop't



PROVINCIAL AUCTIONEER

Is prepared to conduct all kinds of auction Sales. Terms moderate

CHINOOK. Dates can be made at this

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

CHINOOK LODGE, No. 40, meets on the First and Third Thursdays of every month in their Castle Hall, Arm's Block, Chinook. Visiting members are cordially invited.

E. R. Dell, C.C.

M. L. CHAPMAN

Chinook, Alta.

GENERAL DRAVING

All orders promptly attended to

Office: Opp. Crown Lumber yard

MAH BROS CAFE

Regular first class meals 40c Board and Room by the week very reasonable

Short Order at all hours Confectionery, Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos

Room, Building and Furniture all completely new



Chinook Lodge, No. 113, meets Monday, at 8 p.m., in Arm's hall, Chinook. Visiting members are cordially invited.

N. K. Neff, N.G.

F. Boyer, R.S.

THE LATE CLARENCE MARIS

Much sympathy goes out to Mr. and Mrs Maris at this time in their sad bereavement. It is particularly sad for Mrs. Maris as she was not beside her lad to soothe and love him in his last hours. She did not see him alive after he left her on December 21st, in full health and great spirits to visit with his father in the States.

The boy, who was their second son, and was just thirteen years, was suddenly taken ill at his grandfather's home, where he and his father were staying. It seemed to be just a bad case of constipation, and as such was diagnosed by the doctor who was called in. He kept treating the boy for this, but there was no improvement, and finally he advised taking him to a hospital. There they said it was appendicitis (with complications), and he died there before they could operate, after a week's illness.

Clarence was a particularly bright, lively boy, full of spirits, and a very affectionate and loving son. His place in the home circle is vacant, his dear form gone from their view, but his parents and brothers have his precious memory which nothing can take away.

Mr. Maris laid his son to rest beside the body of his other little son who died when a baby.

IN THE MASTER'S GARDEN
The Master walked in his garden,
Among the growing flowers,
And the drooping ones and the thirsty.

He cheered with cooling showers.
And here and there he checked a growth
With His loving pruning knife;
That the plant more graciously might grow,
And have a richer life.

As He slowly passed along,
The beauty grew with His scanned;
And bent and plucked one here and there,
Aud carried it in His hand.

Not a flower that the Master gathers
Ever closes or withers away;
But sweeter still and fairer grows
In the light of His full day.

COM.

THE CRUCIBLE OF THE FUTURE

The world's ingredients have been thrown into the melting pot of war, material, spiritual, commercial, political, financial, humanistic; and what is going to come out of it when the process is over—who can tell?

On the other hand, the fusion of the great nations in a common lofty ideal, coupled with the steaming off of the dross, may, if properly handled and treated, produce a true metal for carrying out the work of the world on a nobler scale than heretofore.

There is an immense and unprecedented possibility for good if we, and those who are coming after us, are prepared to utilize it. Unity, concord and high purpose, with sane democracy, will do it.

But the war has shown how dangerously close under the surface of our vaunted civilization still lie savagery, blindness, and insane license.

The war is not over, the victory is not finally won, even though the fighting on the battle field may be finished. There is yet a dangerous and anxious time before the Nation, while the metal forged by the war is being fashioned for use.

\$10 REWARD

For information leading to the recovery of a Red and White Cow, about

1200 lbs, seal on ribs, and stub on tail W (tr iangle)

REG. WITT, Chinook



Economical—

Because It Covers More

EVEN if this paint were sold at a price half as high again as any other—it would still be the economical paint to use on your house. In other words, it certainly has no equal. A gallon of paint so far that you'll buy less of it and yet do more with it.

B-H PAINT "ENGLISH" 70% Pure Lead
10% Zinc Oxide 10% Linseed Oil
30% Pure Zinc
100% Pure Paint

This paint is guaranteed to houses as its important basis the above formula which we prescribe on every can. The remarkable feature is all that you could ask in brightness of color and in proper "body"—a paint which gives a fine lasting finish, excelling all others in "covering capacity" and in durability. "Paint with B-H English" Paint—and your house is protected for years, where a coat of ordinary paint will last but a few months.

Banner Hardware
Chinook, Alta.

BRANDAM HENDERSON

PAINTERS, PLASTERERS, CALIFORNIA, TORONTO, VANCOUVER

W. W. ISBISTER

GENERAL BLACKSMITH

Coulters and Discs Sharpened

Chinook, Alta.

Horse-shoeing and General Wood Work Repairing

Under New Management

CHINOOK BILLIARD HALL

A full line of

Soft Drinks, Cigars, Tobaccos
and Pipes

Come and enjoy a few hours with us

E. E. SPINLER, Prop.

\$5 REWARD

For information leading to the recovery of Sorel Mare, in foal, white face, one white foot, 4 years old, about 1200, brandon right front shoulder

H. T. LENSEGRAF, Chinook

PIGS WANTED

Would like to buy two or three small Pigs. BELDEN BROS., Chinook

FOR SALE

Seventy Rhode Island Red well bred 1918 Pullets.

H. H. GEORGE, Gollholm

\$10.00 Reward

For information leading to the recovery of a Red and White Cow, about

1200 lbs, seal on ribs, and stub on tail

Notify BUTCHER, Cered, Alta.

Wm. E. Briggs

Auctioneer, Sedalia

Is prepared to handle sales anywhere in Alberta
Dates can be arranged at this office

MONEY TO LOAN

Osler, Hammond and Nanton, general agents for North of Scotland and other Mortgage Companies, have \$100,000 invested in farm loans and real estate, returning from which they re-invest in the same way. They have lots of money now. Their Inspector, Mr. Stickney, who was in the district a few days ago, says "They have barrels of money, and that no good loan will be refused."

Let them renew the loan you have on your homestead, and give you more on your pre-emption, give you money to prove it up if you wish. Or let them give you a new loan, as large, and prove it up if you want to elsewhere. The district needs all the money we can get hold of in this way. Pay up your indebtedness to the bank, to the municipality, to the school, and to others. We can furnish the money. Loans for five years, repayable in three years, without extra charge. Interest at 8 per cent,—nothing but the interest to pay each year.

LORNE PROUDFOOT,

Agent, Chinook

CHINOOK MARKETS

Wheat, No. 1	\$2 00
" No. 2	1 97
" No. 3	1 02
Oats, No. 2, Canada West	70
Oats, feed	67
Barley	1.00
Flax	3 10
Corn	
Live Hogs (Calgary)	00 00
Eggs	30
Butter	45

The Real Test Of Our Loyalty

Our Paramount Duty is to Defend True Democracy at Home

Our loyalty has stood the severest test of war. Now it is called upon to stand the more severe test of peace. We have renounced our allegiance, but one flag—the Union Jack.

Peace gives anarchy—very thinly disguised as democracy—an opportunity to place another flag above the Union Jack—the Red Flag of class hatred, of autocratic brutality; of utter selfishness; of cut-throat ruthlessness; of extreme inequality; of supreme unfairness.

Up to November 11, 1918, we freely offered all that we had—our treasure, our labor, our lives—the banished symbol of our democracy. Are we to be less loyal to our flag, to our democracy, now that the stern discipline of war is relaxed?

Is that part of the Canadian's creed—"I therefore believe it is my duty to my country to love it; to support its constitution; to obey its laws; to respect its flag; and to defend it against all enemies"—so earnestly voiced by millions of Canadians while our boys died on the battlefields of France, that mean less to us, now that the fighting has ceased?

Are the will, the unity, the devotion, the sacrifice that marshalled this nation in a solid and invincible front against the foes of democracy across the seas, to be supine, pallid, inert, against the enemies of democracy in Canada?

Here lies the acid test of our loyalty: If we listen without vigorous protest to the faintest suggestion that any flag shall outrank the Union Jack in Canada, we are disloyal.

If we are less earnest, less active, in defending true democracy at home than we were in defending it abroad, we are disloyal.

The Union Jack is the symbol of pure democracy.

The Red Flag is the symbol of unfeasted anarchy.

The real test of our loyalty, of our Canadianism, yes, of our very manhood, now is in our practical answer to the vital question—which flag? From the Valley World.

(Where the words 'Canada' or 'Union Jack' appears, the words used in the original were 'United States' and 'Stars and Stripes,' but the sentiments apply equally well here in Canada and mean just as much as they do to the people of the United States, and a well worth bringing before the attention of the people.)

Range Cattle in Excellent Condition

The Feed Conditions This Season are Better Than for Many Years

That the cattle of the ranges of the province are coming through the winter season this year in excellent shape is the assertion of cattlemen throughout Alberta.

"The feed conditions this season are better than for many years," declared J. J. Bowlen, owner of several of the finest cattle herds of the province. "In spite of the fact that there was a great shortage anticipated last summer, the reason there is plenty of feed now is because the cattle have been able to stay on the ranges all winter, and the owners were not compelled to exhaust their supplies of feed. It was only during the last cold spell which was accompanied by heavy snowfall that the cattlemen really attacked their feed stores. The result is that there is plenty on hand and none of the owners were at any time obliged to sacrifice their herds or parts of them for want of feed."

W. H. Curtis, head of the Curtis ranching company, makes the same statement. In fact, if one may judge by the deliberations of these cattlemen the owners are in better shape this spring financially and from a standpoint of prosperity than for many years.

Reds Not Proposing Peace

London.—Alluding to the reports that Lenin's Bolshevik government had made proposals of peace through American channels, Andrew Bonar Law, the government spokesman, said in the house of commons that he believed there was no shadow of foundation for such reports. Neither he nor the premier, with whom he had communicated, had heard a word about the matter.

Permit Entry of Hindus' Families

Ottawa.—It is understood that an order in council has been passed under which the wives and families of Hindus now resident in British Columbia will be admitted to Canada. It is also understood that other privileges are extended to the Hindus.

Will Stop Food Supplies

If Germany Refuses to Accept Allied Peace Terms

Paris.—The question is being widely asked as to what will happen if Germany refuses to accept the allied peace terms. Up to the present there has been no general disposition to resume hostilities. Moreover, the Germans themselves, even if they refused to agree to the peace terms, would probably merely resist passively the allied forces. The means of action would then be two: First, the allies would resume the blockade and then if this failed to bring the Germans to their senses they would occupy the Ruhr basin which is just a step beyond the Rhine. This basin contains most of Germany's coal and many of her most important industries. It is believed that under this pressure Germany could no longer resist.

Will Not Operate Coal Mines

Paris.—The plan to solve the question of the Saar Basin by giving France the right to operate the coal mines under a form of supplementary mortgage with the possibility that the territory would be administered through a mandate from the League of Nations, is criticized by some French newspapers.

The Excelsior points out that this solution would result in complicated agreements similar to that concerning Morocco. It says it was understood that this plan had been definitely abandoned.

Situation Looks Grave

Berlin.—The general strike declared in the Rhineland by the Soviets is regarded as a possible beginning of a new campaign to overthrow the present government. Its full extent will not be certain before it actually gets under way.

Among the demands being made by the Soviets are: Disarmament of all troops, arming of the proletariat, freedom for all political prisoners, and immediate close relations with the Bolsheviks in Hungary and Russia.

Rumanians Fear Invasion

Berlin.—The Rumanian armies, in co-operation with the French forces at Arad, Hungary, 145 miles south-east of Budapest, have received orders to occupy the new line of demarcation as fixed by the Paris peace conference, according to an announcement issued by the Rumanian press bureau.

The allied armies have been received enthusiastically by various populations who are living in constant fear of a Bolshevik invasion.

To Survey Oil-Bearing Fields

Edmonton, Alta.—The Imperial Oil Company is intending to make a thorough investigation of the Alberta oil fields, it is reported by C. E. Taylor, western manager of the company. A rumor has been current for some time past, that it was looking towards the Mackenzie river country as well, but beyond the fact that drilling and surveying are to be commenced in different parts of the Alberta field, nothing more definite is available. The company has already two drilling outfits in operation, a powerful oil drilling rig has just reached Edmonton, and three others are en route, thus making a total of six that will be utilized. In five parties will be sent out to make a geological survey of the oil bearing fields.

Trade Re-opened With New Republic

Vienna.—Resumption of trade and communication with German-Austria was authorized in an order issued by the war trade board, acting in accordance with an agreement reached by the associated nations. The only restrictions upon imports into German-Austria will be on all commodities of a military nature.

The re-opening of trade with German-Austria constitutes the first direct trade relations to be resumed by this country with any enemy state.

Not to Use U.S. Troops

London.—President Wilson has informed other members of the United States delegation to the peace conference that no United States soldiers should be used in any trouble in eastern or southeastern Europe, a Central News dispatch from Paris says.

Saskatoon, Sask.—The president of the Canadian National Railways has assured the Melfort-Saskatoon-Humboldt delegation that the road from Breux to Humboldt would be completed this year, that rails would be laid for 20 miles on the Vonda spur towards Melfort northward into the Carrot River district, from 30 to 40 miles would be graded to be ready for steel next year.

War Memorial Museum

The Saskatchewan provincial government will invite competitive plans in connection with the proposed war memorial museum. To this end, Professor Ramsay Traquair, professor of architecture at McGill University and a native of Edinburgh, Scotland, has been engaged by the government to take charge of the competition. He is now in Regina and has had conferences with Hon. A. P. McNab, minister of public works. The memorial will be located on Albert street, the site having been selected during the week, and it will group with the legislative block, and does not necessarily mean that it will be of the same type of construction or design. The building will contain a large hall for trophies of the war, with accommodation for natural history and scientific collections relating to the province in smaller galleries. The entrance hall will be more of a monumental nature treated in a dignified way with stone for bronze tablets to contain the names of those who fell in the war. The scheme may also include a group of statues in front of the building, typical of victory, of freedom or some suitable design in harmony with the purpose of the building.

Fur Catch Satisfactory

Promises Well for the Rest of the Season

Edmonton, Alta.—Reports reaching from the farther north indicate that the fur catch, as far as 200 miles down the Mackenzie river, is satisfactorily large and promises well for the rest of the season. Trappers seem to be having quite good results as usual, except in localities like the Fort McMurray district, where the fur played more or less havoc with the population and left the forces of the fur catchers considerably depleted.

Mounted police reports via Dawson state, however, that the catch in the Fort McPherson region is small, with a likelihood of the fur harvest being set aside for the trapping country and that the trapping country and that a good catch is nearly always to be depended upon if the trappers go astray.

Austria-Takes Rights

From Former Rulers

Republie Proclaimed Owner of Estate of Imperial House

Vienna.—The government has introduced in parliament a bill dealing with the former reigning house of Austria-Hungary in which the abolition of the rights and privileges of the house of Hapsburg-Lorraine in perpetuity is decreed together with the banishment of all members of this house, as well as the house of Bourbon-Parme (the family of former Emperor Zita). The German-Austrian republic is proclaimed the owner of the real and personal estate of the former imperial house, the net proceeds of which may be used for the benefit of citizens whose wealth was impaired through the war or of families which have been deprived of their breadwinners.

The private property of ex-Empress Charles and the members of the imperial household is to remain untouched.

Armistice Terms

For Holland

Must Confine Imports from Germany to Raw Materials

The Hague.—Although in formulating the armistice terms, the associated powers reserved to themselves the right to seize all neutral ships trading with Germany, they do not it is stated, propose to place any impediment in the way of Dutch ships engaged in such traffic, subject to the approval of the inter-allied commission at The Hague. Holland must, however, limit her exports to home products, in accordance with the agreement entered into between the associated governments and herself, and confine her imports from Germany to certain raw materials, such as coal, coke, salt.

Japan Warns China

London.—The Japanese minister to China warned the Chinese government that in the event of Japan's commercial interests suffering through the disclosure of secret agreements, China would be held responsible for the loss, according to a news agency dispatch from Peking.

The wagon tongue has never said a word, but it gets there ahead of the rest of the outfit. It might be well for some people to make a note of this.

Scientists tell us the higher we go the colder it gets. Perhaps that is the reason more of us do not struggle to reach the top.

Prices Not Likely to Fall

Great Britain Will Not See Much Reduction

London.—The ministry of reconstruction is convinced that while prices in Great Britain may be expected to fall from the present war record, "it is out of the question that they should fall to anything like the 1914 level in the near future. With luck the general level for the next decade may be only 25 to 30 percent higher."

This interesting information is contained in a pamphlet issued by the ministry and sold to the public. After pointing out that prices were rising before the war was declared, it explains the various causes which have combined to bring about the great rise of the past four years. Reduced output, increased freight rates, limitation of imports and issuance of paper money are assigned as the principal causes.

Reports Not Correct

Allies' Financial Demands Not Yet Made Public

Paris.—An official note issued says the press has published certain information on the peace negotiations, which is entirely erroneous.

The Temps, commenting on this says:

Restoring Order in Egypt

London.—Gen. Allenby, who is now in charge of the situation in Egypt, where disorders have been occurring, reported that order had been restored in Cairo and Bellal, where it was announced in the house of commons by Cecil Harmsworth, under-secretary for foreign affairs. Twelve military columns are in operation in upper and lower Egypt, the general report added, and the complete restoration of law and order was only a matter of time, the under-secretary declared.

Submarine Losses Compared

Neutrals and Small Entente Nations Suffered More Than U.S.

Washington.—American shipping suffered comparatively little at the hands of German submarines during the war, according to complete figures on allied and neutral ship losses, made available recently. Only 125 American vessels were lost, as compared to 3,147 British. In tonnage figures, the United States lost 385,967 tons, against Britain's 7,818,870, navy department figures show.

Neutrals and some of the smaller entente nations suffered more than the United States. Greece lost 162 vessels and Norway 781.

Shelling of Lemberg Continues

Warsaw.—The bombardment of Lemberg continues, the Ukrainian artillery firing poison gas shells into the city. At a conference held on March 27, between allied delegates and representatives of the Polish and Ukrainian armies, the Ukrainians refused to enter into negotiations while the Poles were present. The negotiations were interrupted to give the Polish delegates time to consult their government.

Allied Armies Mobbed

Cairo.—Communication with Asia, reported in recent dispatches as isolated by the revolutionaries, has been established by flying boat. The occupants were compelled to make a false landing and were surrounded by a mob having recourse to their revolvers, but were eventually overpowered. They fought their way out however, and took refuge in a friendly sheik's house, subsequently reaching the railway, boarded a goods train and escaped.

Indian Soldiers Saved Armenian Boys

London.—Intelligence received by the Armenian soldiers from Port Said shows that Indian soldiers have saved the lives of Armenian boys.

Every day five orphans were brought in, the eldest being 14 and the youngest 4. The latter had been thrown into the water by the Turks and was rescued by the Indian soldier who is taking care of him.

U.S. Will Not Buy British Tonnage

New York.—The U.S. government has withdrawn its proposal to purchase the British owned tonnage of the International Mercantile Marine.

Imperator to Carry U.S. Troops

Washington.—The Imperator, largest of German ships, will be turned over to the United States on May 1 for the transport of troops, the navy department was advised.

Assistance to Russian Army

Washington.—Citizens of Omsk, Siberia, have organized committees to assist the Russian army and in two days subscribed 500,000 rubles, according to dispatches to the state department.

The Omsk newspaper comment favorably upon the international commission for the supervision of the Siberian railway system.

Prizes Will Be Large

Want to Bring Winter Fair to Higher Standard

Regina, Sask.—Prizes for live stock and poultry at the winter fair will total \$16,000, or \$4,000 more than offered at any previous winter fair in the province, according to recommendations made by the live stock committee to the amalgamated fair board. The increase in the prize money will be divided as follows: Horses, \$7,000; cattle, \$4,000; sheep, \$1,000; swine, \$1,200; poultry, \$2,000.

Competitions for Clydesdales, Percherons and Belgians will each carry \$1,345 in prizes.

A new department in the cattle department will provide a competition for breeding classes of prime beef breeds. Four new classes will be added in each breed, two for males and two for females. Only animal calves in 1917 and 1918 will be eligible in these breed classes.

The prize list for the poultry branch has not yet been revised.

Helping Farmers

To Prosperity

Rural Credits Scheme Proving of Great Benefit

More than \$25,000 was loaned to 360 farmers, more than 10,000 acres of virgin prairie was put under cultivation and at least five carloads of live stock were purchased who no purchases would have been possible, as a result of operations of the Manitoba rural credits scheme, according to details contained in the first annual report of this branch of governmental activity.

The full value of the work of these societies will not be seen for a few years. Some of them did not begin lending until the spring season had passed so that their respective credits do not represent the total which it is anticipated a normal season would show. There is every indication that units of these societies granting limited lines of credit will require much greater loans the coming year. Twenty new charters have been granted in all of which districts it is expected lending will begin in the spring.

In assisting individual farmers to increase the production of their land, these societies are increasing the general welfare of the province. The loans made have enabled many farmers to extend their operations in marketing otherwise impossible, and the effect of their work will be cumulative.

Troops Cheer Comrades on Transport

London.—A stirring scene typical of inter-colonial comradeship cemented on the battle field, occurred in Liverpool recently when the steamer Scotian, packed with homeward-bound Canadians, was leaving the port and passed a transport moored in the dock crowded with Australians. Cheers and counter-cheers echoed along the riverside wharves, as the comrades from the Great Bear and the Southern Cross bade a long farewell, while the bands played the Maple Leaf and Auld Lang Syne.

Spending Millions for Houses

Adelaide.—Premier Peake, of South Australia, in the course of a statement on the government's reparation activities, showed that the state had already spent £3,000 sterling in trying to make up the difference in salaries of enlisted government servants and £600,000 sterling had been advanced to provide homes for returned soldiers' widows. He estimated another million and a half would be required and expected two and a half millions would be advanced for land settlement.

A Nationalist member interjected, "South Africa was the league's father," referring obviously to General Smuts.

Mr. Merlinan replied: "I don't care who is the league's father, but I believe it emanated from that good man President Wilson. Mr. Wilson is a remarkable man, brimful of lofty ideas." But ask him to take say East Africa over to manage it himself. He would not touch it. He will tell you what to do, and issue the mandate, but he will not stir a finger himself."

Montreal Star.

Building for Calgary Exhibition

The directors of the Calgary industrial exhibition have made arrangements with the city council regarding the erection of buildings at Victoria park. The directors approved of the erection of the grandstand, seating approximately 8,000 people, and to cost approximately \$115,000; the erection of a cattle barn and judging ring, the first section to cost approximately \$30,000, and \$5,000 to be utilized for the moving of necessary buildings and rearrangements required as a result of the erection of these buildings.

Permits for two garages were taken out in Calgary during the week, and work is being started on them at once. They will both be erected in the same neighborhood, between west and Fifth avenue. One will cost approximately \$27,000, and the other \$20,000, while between the Empress hotel and the Imperial Oil Company's new warehouse on Sixth avenue the Diamond Motor company is putting up a similar building, costing \$20,000.

Must Demobilize Rhine Forts

Paris.—An agreement on at least one point seems to have been reached in the peace conference discussions, according to the Temps.

Germany is not to be permitted to keep garrisons, fortifications or war factories, not only on the left bank of the Rhine, but also along a strip of at least thirty miles on the right bank.

No Settlers Along Hudson Bay

Ottawa.—"I don't think anybody goes in there voluntarily with the exception of the missionaries," remarked Sergeant E. H. L. Thompson, of the R.N.W.M.P., when asked by Senator George W. Fowler at a meeting of the special committee, on the navigability and fisheries of the Hudson Bay. Sergeant Thompson was referring particularly to the country along the line of the Hudson Bay railway. He said there were gardens along the line in which potatoes and other vegetables were grown. However, there were no settlers. The grovers of these gardens were, for the most part, employees of the railway.

In the country north of The Pas, he said, there was great excitement over finds of copper, gold and nickel.

For Free Homesteads

Western M. P.'s are Against Abandoning of Policy Now

Ottawa.—Government supporters from the provinces west of the great lakes were in caucus with Hon. Arthur Meighen, minister of the interior, in regard to the question of western homesteads and the grazing leases. At a caucus held a week ago, the suggestion was made that the government should abandon the policy of granting free homesteads in western Canada. There was great diversity of opinion in regard to this proposal.

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There was considerable discussion as to the proper policy to be adopted in respect of grazing land and the suggestion was made that in the future leases should be for a ten year period with the privilege given to the party holding the lease to drop it at the end of three years after giving notice. It was proposed that the rental of leased land should be increased from two to five, or seven cents per acre.

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DON'T GET WET FEET!

Wet feet are the cause of such discomfort—bronchitis, cold in the throat and head, pneumonia, probably developing into consumption, rheumatism, and many other diseases. You will save many dollars doctors bills wearing dry feet.

RUBBER BOOTS—We have these in knee height and in all sizes from 6 to 10. These are the right thing for working in the mud and slush! Also have the low rubbers in 1 and 2 buckle. You can wear these any muddy day.

RUBBERS—Save the unpleasant feeling of wet feet, also save leather by wearing rubbers over your shoes. We have for men, women and children.

LEATHER FOOTWEAR—Amherst and Sterling Shoes have a reputation for good wear. Every shoe is made of solid leather and made by honest workmen. Many of our customers have worn a pair of our shoes for a straight year, and want the same kind for the next. Get your size to-day.

Try a can of Arctic Dubin. This will give more wear to your leather, make it more waterproof, well worth the price of 20c. We have a stock of Bran and Shorts on hand.

J. R. MILLER**SPRING REQUIREMENTS!**

We are now in a position to fill all your requirements in the

Hardware Line for Spring

See us for Formaldehyde, Bluestone, Bolts, Nuts and Washers, Singletrees and Doubletrees, Woods' Four, Five and Six-horse Eveners, Clevises, End Chains, etc. Sweat Pads.

Mayer's Stock Food and Mixtures

We still have a few Plow Shares at last year's prices. Call and give us a chance to fill your wants

"Yours for Service and satisfaction"

We sell Newcastle Coal

**Just unloaded Car of Seed Oats**

with a germination test of 94 p.c. in four days

Hay on hand

Feed Oats, Barley Chop and Oat Chop**FLOUR, and all kinds of cereals****The highest grade COAL**

At the Western Canada Flour Mills Elevator

I. W. DEMAN, Manager

POSTS!

Car of large size Willow Posts just arrived.

Car of Tamaracs to arrive soon
Also Split Cedars on hand

Prices right. Call in and look them over

We are yours for straight legitimate business

Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.

R. W. HAMON, manager

Chinook, Alberta

FIRST-CLASS FARM

160 acres, s.w. 3-29-5 w 4 (Excel), 5½ miles to seven elevators, excellent well, 18 acres tame hay, rural mail route, ½ miles school. Owner needs immediate cash for other business, and will sacrifice for

\$14.00 per acre

\$600.00 cash. First marked cheque received clinches deal.

Adjoining quarter can be leased, with option of purchase. Breaking accepted as part payment.

L. H. HORNCastle,
Gen. Delivery, Saskatoon

\$5.00 Reward

Strayed, One Bay Geidling, weight 1500, white face, two white hind feet, no brand. The above reward given for any information leading to the recovery of said gelding.

J. M. MORRIS, Cereal, Alta.

Lost

One Black Geidling, about 10 years old, one white hind foot. Branded heart on left shoulder.

H. DUNSTER, Collihole P.O.

n.c. 23-27-8

Chinook Breezes

Easter Sunday—and Easter hats and suits.

Service at the Chinook church on Good Friday.

R. C. service at the school, on Saturday, April 19th. Mass at 10.00 a.m., Rev. Father Bowlen

Marcy—At Chinook, Tuesday, April 15th, to Mr. and Mrs. N. F. Marcy, a son.

Special Easter music at the Chinook church, next Sunday evening. Service at 7.30 o'clock.

With the opening of Spring—along comes outdoor sports. Chinook has reorganized its baseball club, with football and tennis to follow.

Most of the farmers in this district are getting on the land, the ground being fit now after the snow and rain during the past week or two.

The Chinook curling club is advertising a concert, box social and dance, on Tuesday, April 25th, in Arm's hall. Concert at 8.30 p.m. sharp. Dancing at 11

Mac Leod, who was teller at the bank here for a year or so, and was drafted into the U.S. navy, is expected back again in Chinook this week, to take his position at the bank.

Wes. Key arrived home from Siberia on Monday morning, unexpected. A day or two before the boat sailed from Siberia most of the troops on board, being invalided home, Wes. had the misfortune to fall over some slippery rock while working with an artillery gun, seriously hurting himself internally, and after a day or two in hospital he was placed on board the ship, which was then in dock, and sent home—hence his unexpected arrival in Chinook. But he has to go to Calgary to undergo an operation.

STRAYED HORSES

Strayed from my premises east ½ 22-31-6 w 4

(a) 1 Bay Geidling, narrow white strip in face, one white hind foot, weight 1400, 6 years old.

(b) 1 Bay Geidling, white spot on forehead, two hind feet and right front foot white, weight 1350, 4 years old.

(c) 1 Bay Geidling, white strip in face, two hind feet white, weight 1100, 5 years old.

All the above are branded S—on left shoulder.

(e) 1 Bay Geidling, white spot on forehead, weight 1300, 5 years old, branded on right shoulder K.

(f) 1 Dark Brown Geidling, white strip in face, right front foot white, weight 1400, 6 years old, branded on right shoulder F.T.

(g) 1 Black Geidling, white spot in forehead, one hind foot white, weight 1450, 5 years old, branded U.S on left shoulder, and on right hip

THOS. PIERCE, Sedalia, Alta.

IN THE MATTER

Of the Estate of EMANUEL FULLTON, late of Sedalia, Alberta, and of the Canadian Expeditionary Force, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having claims on the estate of the said Emanuel Fullton, who was killed in action or about Oct. 6th, 1917, are required to file with the undersigned Solicitor for the Administrator of his estate, by the

22nd day of May, A.D. 1919
a full statement, duly verified, of their claims, and any security held by them, and after that date the administrator will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has been filed or brought to his notice.

Dated at Stettler, in the Province of Alberta, the 8th day of April, A.D. 1919

L. E. ORMOND,
Solicitor,
Chinook, Alberta

Approved
F. A. Morrison
J.D.C.

Mr. W. A. Todd sold his two young Shorthorn bulls at the Calgary bull sale last week, at fairly good figures, considering the prevailing prices this year.

\$10.00 Reward

For information leading to the recovery of Bay Geidling, 7 years old, small white star on face, one white hind foot, weight about 1200 lbs. branded on left shoulder

AU
L. S. DAWSON
Chinook

Judicial Sale of Farm Property

PURSUANT to Judgment and Final Order for Sale made in a certain action S.C. No. 14168, there will be offered for sale by public auction by J. M. Davis, Auctioneer, at the Post Office, in the Town of Chinook, in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday, the 26th day of April, A.D. 1919

at the hour of 1200 noon, the following property, namely:

The South East Quarter of Section 7, Township 25, Range 8, West of the 9th Meridian. Reserving unto the Crown all mines and minerals.

Terms of Sale to be 10 per cent. cash at time of sale, 15 per cent. within 60 days from the date of the sale, without interest, and the balance in three equal installments payable by the 25th day of each month for twelve months from date of sale, with interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum; or, at the option of the purchaser, the whole amount may be paid within 60 days from date of sale, without interest. All payments except initial payment to be made to the Clerk of the Court at Calgary.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserve bid fixed by the Court, and free from all encumbrances save taxes for the current year, less the reservations and conditions contained in the grant from the Crown or in the existing Certificate of Title.

The Plaintiff is informed that the said farm consists of approximately 160 acres, of which 150 acres are arable and 10 acres rough, and that there is a house, barn, granary, chicken-coop and shed on the premises, also that the said farm is one mile from nearest Post Office and twenty-seven miles from nearest railhead, Chinook.

For further particulars and terms of sale, apply to Clark, Clegg, MacLeod & Co., Barristers and Solicitors, Calgary, Alberta. Dated at Calgary, in the Province of Alberta, this 1st day of April, A.D. 1919.

LAURENCE J. CLARKE,
Clerk of the Court.
Approved:
L. F. CLARRY,
M.C.

M.D. of Collihole, No. 243**NOTICE**

In the matter of the Confirmation of the Tax Enforcement Return of the Municipal District of Collihole, No. 243.

TAKE NOTICE, that His Honour the Judge of the District Court of the District of Calgary will at the sittings in Youngstown, on Friday, the 9th day of May, 1919, confirm the Tax Enforcement Return of the Municipal District of Collihole, No. 243.

Dated at Chinook, Alberta, this 15th day of February, 1919

LORNE PROUDFOOT,
Sec.-Treas.

WANTED

Breaking or Spring Plowing. Apply at this office.

DR. R. R. PAUL

Post Graduate of New York Hospital.

Recently returning from base hospitals in the present war in the Mediterranean war zone.

Office: Next to Hotel, North.
Residence: Acadia Hotel, Room 3

CHINOOK

MAEINTRITY HOSPITAL

Where patients will be cared for, within call of the doctor. For information, call or write

MRS. MITCHELL,
Chinook, Alta.

Dr. Ray F. Denholm

Graduate of Chicago

College of

YOUNGSTOWN

Office: 2nd floor Bank of Toronto.
Special appointments for out-of-town patients.

Will be at the Acadia Hotel, Chinook every Thursday, from 9.30 a.m.

Wallpaper

We have just received a large shipment of New and Beautiful Designs, to sell at same old prices. Most people want to clean up a little after being shut up all winter.

Alabastine

Makes a good job if you don't paper. Easy to put it on yourself, and we have lots of splendid shades.

We have also varnishes and stains for

Interior Finish

Paints for floor. Stains for woodwork
Varnish for the Furniture, &c.
You can't go wrong to see

R. S. Woodruff

about it

Chinook Garage

I have on hand a complete stock of

Battery Parts

for all makes of Batteries. Have your Battery examined while not in use by the

Battery Expert

Tires and Tubes only of the best make.

Oxy Acetylene Welding

Tractor and Car Repairing
of all kinds

Genuine Ford Repairs

Agent for Gray-Dort Cars and
Massey-Harris Machinery

C. R. BROWNELL, Prop

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

Choice Cuts of Fresh Meats

Hams and Bacon. Cooked Hams and Tongues

Smoked and Fresh Fish

Sample our Fresh Pork Sausage—none better

See us before selling your Beef and Pork

We are shipping every Wednesday

Highest Market Prices Paid

O. HINDS, Prop'r

ALBERTA CO-OPERATIVE INVESTORS

CHINOOK, ALTA.

If you have Land to Sell for CASH

Let us have your listing

We are in touch with purchasers who are looking for close-in land, with stock and equipment

Consult our Mr. Pettigrew

AT THE ACADIA HOTEL